

CROATIAN SCHOOL NEO-LATIN DRAMA - CONSTRUCTION OF DATABASE AND RECONSTRUCTION OF A GENRE

Nina Čengić (nicengic@ffzg.hr), Faculty of Humanities and
Social Sciences, University of Zagreb

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The Plan:

On Neo-Latin drama in general

Croatian school drama

First steps, tools and workflow

What we worked with: examples

Digital model that we created: examples

Our work in numbers

From digital dataset towards a genre reconstruction

Conclusion

NEO-LATIN DRAMA AS EUROPEAN GENRE:

- From ca. 1300 a new genre is formed throughout Europe, written in Latin and based on performance;
 - Varied in forms: comedy, tragedy and tragicomedy;
 - Covering a broad range of themes;
 - Both Protestant and Roman Catholic;
- In Jesuit schools a part of the official curriculum (supports fluency in Latin, stresses moral and religious instruction).

CROATIAN SCHOOL DRAMA

Early 17th century:

- Jesuits arrive in Croatia.

A Network of Jesuit schools:

- Zagreb, Rijeka, Varaždin, Osijek, Požega.
 - Operating until 1773.

CROATIAN SCHOOL DRAMA

Croatica et Tyrolensis: a digital comparison of Croatian and Tyrolean neo-Latin literature (Zagreb & Innsbruck, 2015)

Problems:

- No texts preserved;
- Literary investigations marred by value judgments;
- Focus on either history of theater or history of education.

FIRST STEPS

SOURCES

A Repository of all theater performances in Croatia:

- RHK 2012.

Transcriptions of Jesuit school chronicles:

- Zagreb: Fancev 1934, Fancev 1937.

Data from Jesuit school annals with references to manuscript data:

- Staud 1984.

TOOLS

TEI as encoding standard

CTS as a standard for citation

oXygen to edit XML

BaseX XML database

XQuery language

WORKFLOW

- TEI XML edition of records collected in RHK
 - Verification of data - turn to sources
- BaseX XML database and XQuery to analyze the dataset

EXAMPLES: FROM RHK...

33

JEPHTES FILIA IMMOLATA (DRAMA O JEFTI KAKO JE ŽRTVOVAO SVOJU ROĐENU KĆER).

Izvedena 1608. na Trgu sv. Marka u Zagrebu. Izvođači su bili isusovački đaci. Predstava je izvedena na latinskom jeziku.

Lit.: M. Vanino, 1916. F. Fancev, 1934. F. Fancev, 1937. M. Fotez, 1943. P. Cindrić, 1960. P. Cindrić, 1969. M. Vanino, 1969. S. Cvetnić, 1995. S. P. Novak, 1999.

EXAMPLES: ...TO A DIGITAL MODEL

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<bibl type="drama" xml:id="croala.drama.d1e3043">
    <author ref="#nn">Anonimno</author>
    <title xml:lang="lat">Jephthes filia immolata</title>
    <title xml:lang="hrv">Drama o Jefti kako je žrtvovao svoju rođenu kćer</title>
    <note ana="tema" corresp="Biblija">Stari zavjet; Suci;
        <persName ref="#croala.drama.314124">Jiftah</persName> </note>
    <note ana="žanr" resp="#fancev1937" corresp="drama"/>
    <date when="1608" period="16xx_1_third"> 1608. </date>
    <placeName type="geonames" ref="3186886">Zagreb</placeName>
    <address><name ref="#zagreb010">Trg sv. Marka u Zagrebu</name></address>
    <note type="izvodač"> <orgName ref="#org001"><name>
        Đaci isusovačke gimnazije u Zagrebu</name></orgName></note>
    <note type="sadržaj"> Predstava je izvedena na latinskom jeziku. </note>
    <note type="testimonium" resp="#NJ">
        <quote>Inter hos scenicos ludos spectatissimus fuit tertius ille ac ultimus, quem
            de Jephthes filia immolata Regni proceribus ad initium autumni exhibuerunt in
            ipso Sancti Marci foro.</quote><bibl>(HCZagr. Cod. 130. I. 1608. 9.r.)
    </bibl></note><relatedItem>
```

EXAMPLES: ...TO A DIGITAL MODEL

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<listBibl>
    <bibl type="staud">Staud 212</bibl>
    <bibl type="staud" corresp="#takács">Takács 17</bibl>
    <bibl type="staud" corresp="#fancev1934">Fancev 26</bibl>
    <bibl corresp="#vanino1916">Vanino 1916</bibl>
    <bibl corresp="#fancev1934">Fancev 1934</bibl>
    <bibl corresp="#fancev1937">Fancev 1937</bibl>
    <bibl corresp="#fotez1943">Fotez 1943</bibl>
    <bibl corresp="#cindrić1960">Cindrić 1960</bibl>
    <bibl corresp="#cindrić1969">Cindrić1969</bibl>
    <bibl corresp="#vanino1969">Vanino 1969</bibl>
    <bibl corresp="#cvetnić1995">Cvetnić 1995</bibl>
    <bibl corresp="#novak1999">Novak 1999</bibl>
</listBibl>
</relatedItem>
<ref>RHK 33</ref>
</bibl>
```

OUR WORK IN NUMBERS

solr.ffzg.hr/basex/croalabib2/drama

...TOWARDS RECONSTRUCTION OF A GENRE

Jesuit school drama is performative:

- Besides the text and author it implies a director, a performer, an audience, a micro-location and a specific time.

Working in digital domain:

- Material data is transformed into uniquely identifiable and citable segments;
 - Manipulation by digital methods made easy;
 - Digital dataset facilitates interpretation.

CONCLUSION

Digital data processing - advantages:

- No physical obstacles to transform data;
- Open access;
- No copyright infringements.

Dataset - features:

- Flexible and easy to work with.

Interpretation:

- Based in numbers and on linked data.

Drama as performance:

- Details of school drama performances we have collected and highlighted via digital data processing brought us a step closer to their reconstruction as a genre.